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NEW YORK TIMES

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## House Group Says Lavelle's Raids Were

## Proper and Essential

WASHINGTON, Dec. (AP)-A House subcommittee at the time that General Lavelsays the unauthorized American air strikes ordered by one of the most "peculiar aspects" of the Vietnam war.

North Vietnam last winter

It said President Nixon's re-North Vietnam last winter It said President Nixon's re-"were not only proper but es-sumption of the bombing "apsential.

and against Gen. John D. Ryan, estness of North Vietnamese Air Force Chief of Staff, the peace negotiators." House Armed Services investigating subcommittee said the United States strikes were justified by a new enemy radar sions on whether General Lavel setup that put American pilots le's air strikes were legal, but in danger of being fired on both Mr. Hebert and the sub-

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m the}$  1968 bombing halt in effect

siding with General Lavelle significant increase in the earn-

Chairman F. Edward Hebert, without warning.

committee report clearly aptestimony released with the re-North Vietnam's routine surport as leased today, called to order the strikes.

committee report clearly aptestimony released with the re-North Vietnam's routine surport, "they were briefed before veillance radar network in 1971 the pilots ever took off, to go "common sense and the law of

"Lavelle fought the kind of and hit a target, whether any war I was saying should be reaction came or not."

Hebert said in a telephone interview. "Whether it was legal to the protective-reaction rules established in 1968 "had or not is up to how you read been overtaken by events"

## Assumption by General

General Ryan told the Hebert subcommittee that he dismissed General Lavelle as commander of the Seventh Air Force in SAM antiaircraft sites that Vietnam because the air strikes fired at them or were "acti-were not "protective reaction" vated against" them by radar. permitted in self defense under But General Lavelle's firm conterms of the bombing halt.

when General Lavelle authorized the strikes between Nov. 7, 1971, and March 9, 1972.

The rules, it said, permitted American pilots to strike enemy viction, the report said, was In fact, General Ryan said in that with SAM sites tied into

> survival compelled the assumption that SAM-antiaircraft sites in North Vietnam were always 'activated against' U.S. or allied aircraft."

Mr. Hebert's subcommittee said apparent failure of General Lavelle's superiors "to comprehend the altered tactical situation is one of the principal problems of attempting to direct a war at a distance of 10,000 miles.

General Lavelle held the rank of a full general while commanding the Seventh Air Force. When he was removed from that command he reverted to his permanent rank of major general and asked retirement.